

Year 5 Curriculum 2019

<p>Reasoning about the Number System</p> <p>Counting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero <p>Value of digits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read, write, numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals. read, write numbers with up to three decimal places recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents read and write decimal numbers as fractions identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 <p>Ordering and comparing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) <p>Rounding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place <p>Number properties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers 	<p>Reasoning about Addition and Subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. 	<p>Reasoning about Multiplication and Division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. calculate the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. solve problems involving number up to three decimal places <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.
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<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers • establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 • recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) <p>Problem Solving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above • solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes 		
<p>Reasoning about Fractions including decimals</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths • recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number • add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number • multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams • recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal • solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25. 	<p>Reasoning about Measures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints • measure the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres • compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes • estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] • solve problems involving converting between units of time 	<p>Reasoning about Geometry – properties of shape</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations • know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles • draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°) • identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°), angles at a point on a straight line and a turn (total 180°), other multiples of 90° • use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles • distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles <p>Geometry – position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed
<p>Reasoning about Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph • complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables 		