

<p>Reasoning about the Number System</p> <p>Counting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise counting in different multiples and reasoning about this</i> • <i>revise counting in 0.1 and 0.01</i> • <i>revise counting in negative numbers</i> <p>Value of digits</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • read, write numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • <i>revise partitioning of numbers</i> • <i>revise use of < > signs and use = sign in lots of different positions</i> • use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero <i>e.g. temperature changes</i> • identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places • recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts • use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination • fractions into decimal equivalents and vice versa • <i>revise conversion of measures e.g. 1.5kg = 1500g, 1.25 litres =</i> • <i>conversion of time units and number of days in year, months</i> • <i>revise Roman numerals via dates</i> <p>Ordering and comparing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit • compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 <p>Rounding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise rounding numbers to 10, 100, 1000, 10 000</i> • <i>revise rounding decimals to whole number, 1 dec place</i> • round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy <p>Number properties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise factor pairs and factors</i> • <i>revise square numbers, cube numbers</i> • identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers • <i>tests of divisibility</i> <p>Problem Solving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above. 	<p>Reasoning about Addition and Subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <i>456 + 2999, 7 – 0.9, 4567 - 999</i> • <i>revise column addition of 4 and 5 digit numbers</i> • <i>revise column subtraction of 4 and 5 digit numbers</i> • <i>revise decimal addition – 4.91 + 2.376</i> • <i>revise decimal subtraction 8.90 – 3.456, 7 – 3.55</i> • <i>use the inverse to check answers</i> • <i>missing number problems where 2 or 3 numbers are missing in a column method</i> • use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations • solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why (including conversion of measures and money) • solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division • use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy • solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <p>Reasoning about Fractions within addition and subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise addition of fractions with mixed numbers e.g 1 2/5 + 3 4/10</i> • <i>revise subtraction of fractions with mixed numbers e.g. 3 5/10 – 2 1/20</i> • <i>revise empty box problems for addition and subtraction of fractions</i> • add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions • fractions on a pie chart <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise reading information from charts and tables to answer questions</i> • <i>revise time problems using a number line</i> • calculate and interpret the mean as an average 	<p>Reasoning about Multiplication and Division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>recall all times tables facts and division facts up to 12 x</i> • perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers e.g. $540 \div 6$, 30×60 • <i>revise multiplying 3 numbers linked to volume and cubed numbers</i> • <i>revise 2 x 2, 3 x 2 multiplication using long multiplication</i> • multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication • <i>area of rectangular shapes using formula (linked to multiplication)</i> • <i>area of compound shapes that can be split into rectangles</i> • multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers • <i>revise missing number problems for long and short multiplication</i> • <i>revise missing number problems e.g. $0.3 \div ? = 30$</i> • solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts • divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context • divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context • <i>revise division with answers with 1 dec place</i> • use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places • <i>use commutativity to show understanding</i> • use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations • solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division • use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy e.g with division word problems • solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate • calculate and interpret the mean as an average <p>Reasoning about Fractions within multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise multiplying a fraction by integer e.g. $5/6 \times 540$</i> • <i>revise multiply a mixed number by 10 or multiple of 10 e.g. $1 \frac{3}{5} \times 10$</i> • multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form • associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents • divide proper fractions by whole numbers <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise reading information from charts and tables to answer questions</i> • <i>revise reading pictograms and interpreting them</i>
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<p>Reasoning about Fractions including decimals Also see addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve problems with fractions and decimals • solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy 	<p>Reasoning about Measures</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise reading scales on variety of measuring equipment</i> • <i>revise reading timetables and time puzzles</i> • use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places • convert between miles and kilometres • recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa • recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes • calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units [for example, mm³ and km³]. 	<p>Reasoning about Geometry – properties of shape 3-D Shape</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise properties of all 3-D shapes</i> • recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets • calculate volume of cubes and cuboids <p>Angles</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise use of protractor to measure angles on straight line and lines at different orientations</i> • <i>revise how to measure angles in different orientations</i> • recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles <p>2-D shape</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise basic properties of parallelogram, kite, rhombus, trapezium, including angle properties, parallel and perpendicular lines, irregular quadrilaterals, symmetry</i> • <i>calculate the area of parallelograms</i> • <i>revise how to calculate the perimeter of shapes and how to find the perimeter where not all the information is given</i> • draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles, <i>including through the use of co-ordinates where one is missing, where two of three sides are given on a triangle etc</i> • <i>revise properties of triangles</i> and calculate the area of triangles • compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons • illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius <p>Geometry – position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) <i>include missing sides of shapes, plotting shapes and plotting points, annotating diagrams</i> • draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
<p>Reasoning about Ratio and Proportion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>revise finding 1%, 10%, 50% of a number or quantity</i> • solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison • solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found - <i>link to area/perimeter</i> • solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples – <i>link to x and division</i> 	<p>Reasoning about Algebra</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • use simple formulae – area /volume/perimeter • generate and describe linear number sequences <i>e.g. what comes next in this sequence 4,8,16,32,... why ?</i> • express missing number problems algebraically <i>e.g. 2a = 30 what is a? 2c + t = 36 if t = 6 what is c?</i> • find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns <i>e.g. if 2a + b = 10 and a and b are both less than 10 what are my options</i> • enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables <p>Pupils should be introduced to the use of symbols and letters to represent variables and unknowns in mathematical situations that they already understand, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • missing numbers, lengths, coordinates and angles • formulae in mathematics and science • equivalent expressions (for example, $a + b = b + a$) • generalisations of number patterns • number puzzles (for example, what two numbers can add up to). 	<p>Reasoning about Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems (<i>link to % and fractions</i>) • calculate and interpret the mean as an average